

European Vision in P&T

Advances in Transmutation Technology

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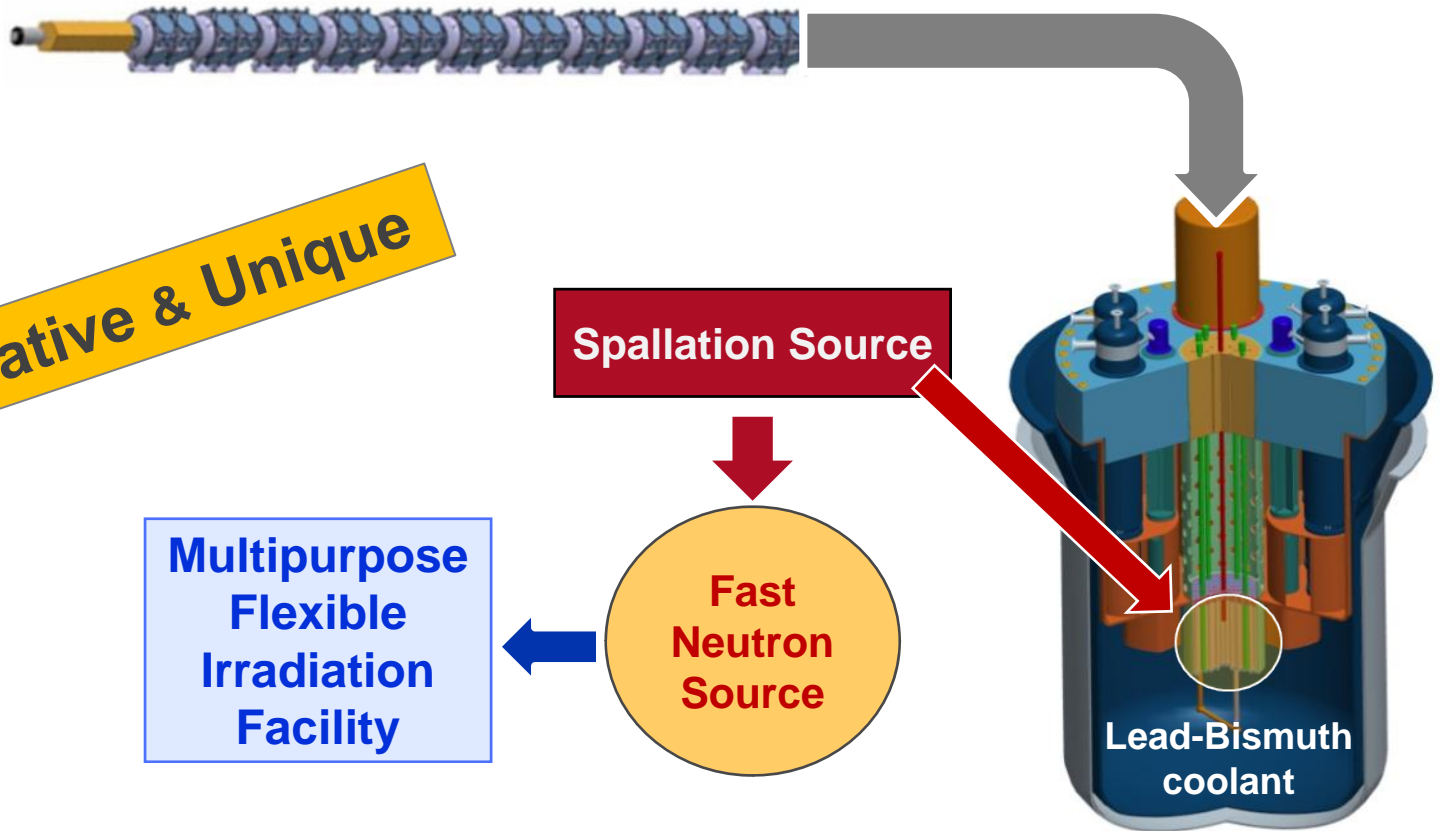
- 4.03.2010: Inauguration of GUINEVERE, a zero power mock-up of MYRRHA;
- 5.03.2010: Decision of the Belgian federal government to support the MYRRHA project (40% of 960 M€ total investment);
- 15.11.2010: Launch of the ESNII (European Sustainable Nuclear Industrial Initiative) of SNETP including MYRRHA & ASTRID;
- 29.11.2010: Promotion of MYRRHA to the high priority list of ESFRI (European Strategic Forum for Research Infrastructures);
- 13.12.2010: Selection of ISOL@MYRRHA by NuPPEC in their long range plan 2010 for nuclear physics facilities;

MYRRHA- Accelerator Driven System

Accelerator
(600 MeV - 4 mA proton)

Reactor

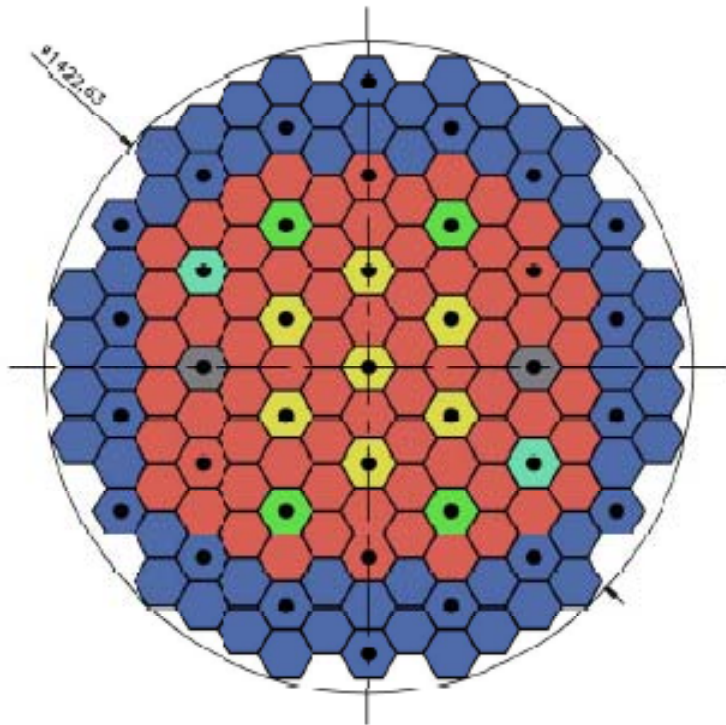
- Subcritical mode (65 -100 MWth)
- Critical mode (~100 MWth)











Innovative & Unique

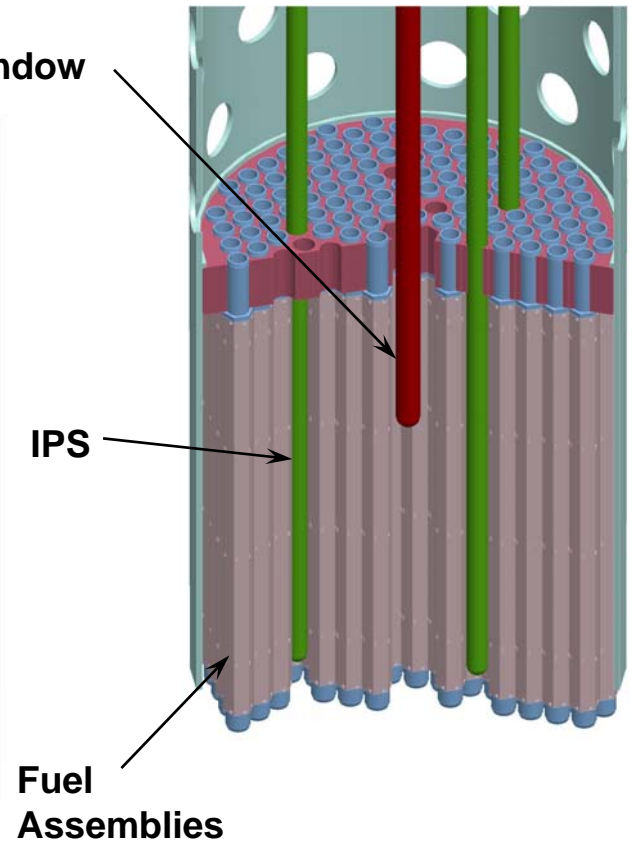
**Multipurpose
Flexible
Irradiation
Facility**

Fast spectrum irradiation facility



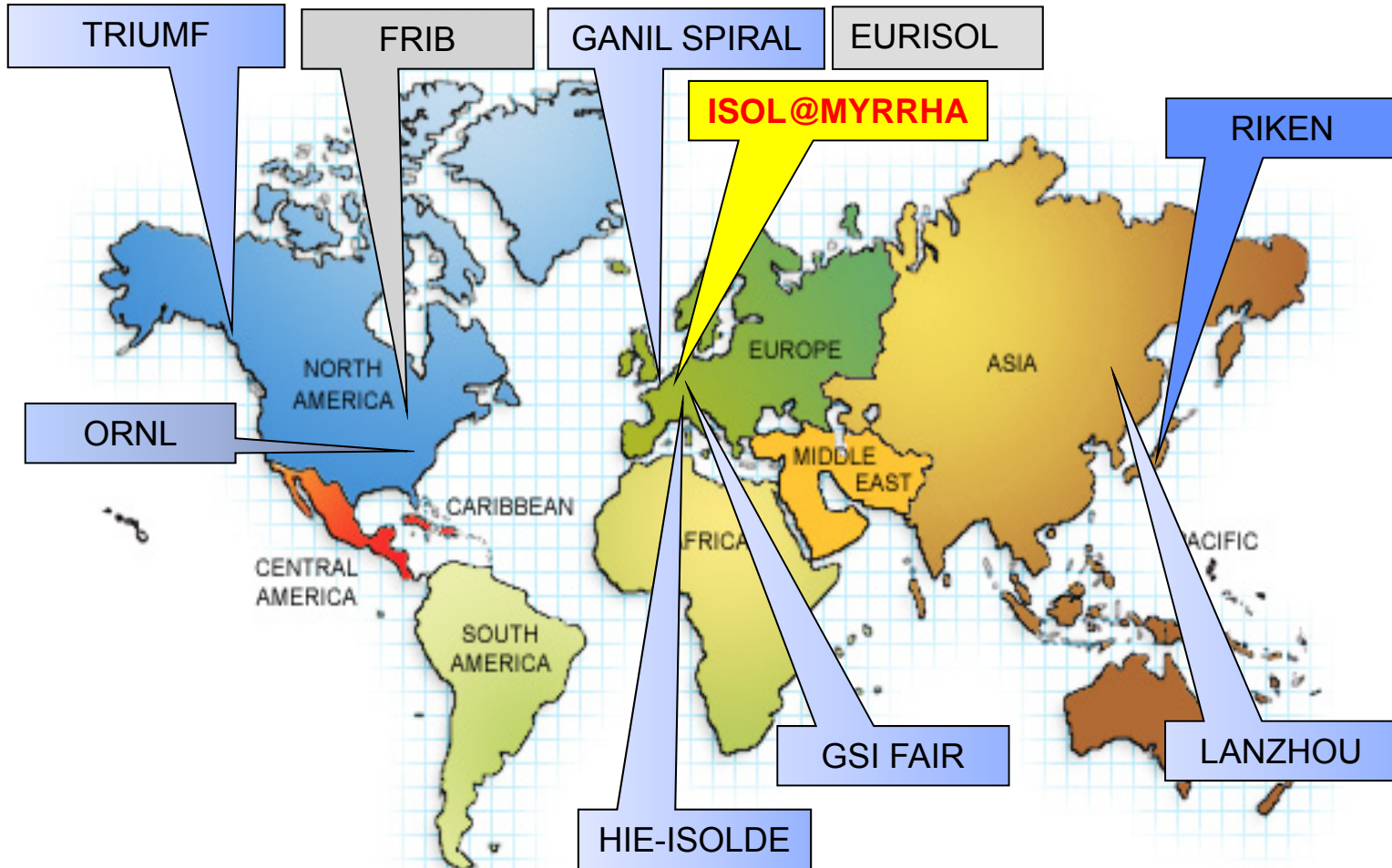
Spallation window

LEGEND	
	IPS n 7
	FAS n 68
	U10 CONTROL ROD (LIL) n 4
	B4C - SCRAM (He) n 2
	DUMMY n 68
	Mo-99 n 2
	(FA or IPS n 4)
	(DUMMY or IPS n 18)
TOTAL n. 151	
TOTAL IPS n. 37	



$k_{eff} \approx 0.95$ (ADS mode)

High-intensity RIB facilities worldwide



ISOL@MYRRHA in NuPPEC Plan

HIE-ISOLDE, GANIL, TRIUMF, ORNL,
EURISOL, MSU, GSI, RIKEN, FRIB, ...

ISOL@MYRRHA

*Nuclear
Physics*

*Astro-
physics*

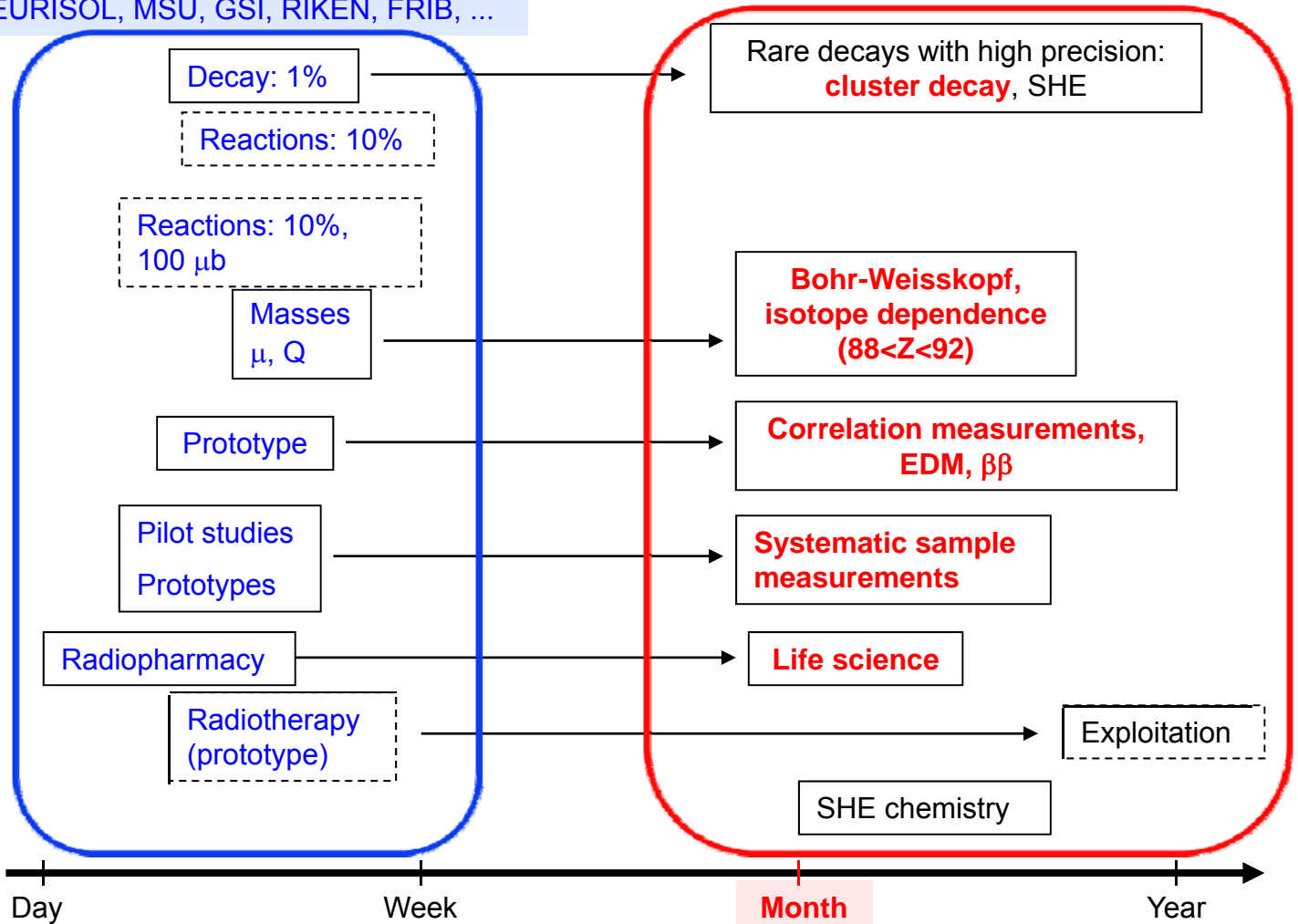
*Atomic
Physics*

*Fundamental
Interactions*

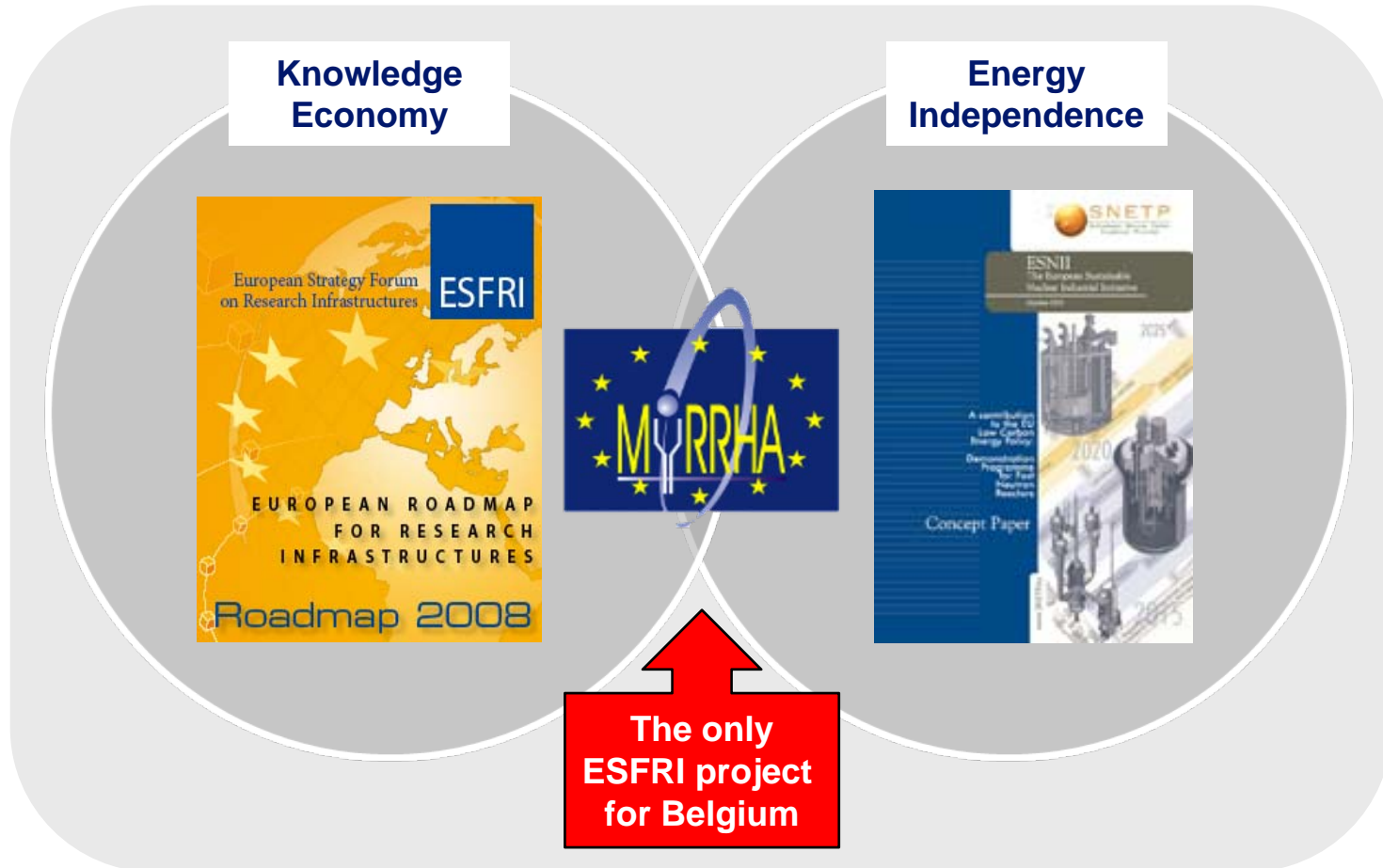
*Condensed
Matter*

*Other
Applications*

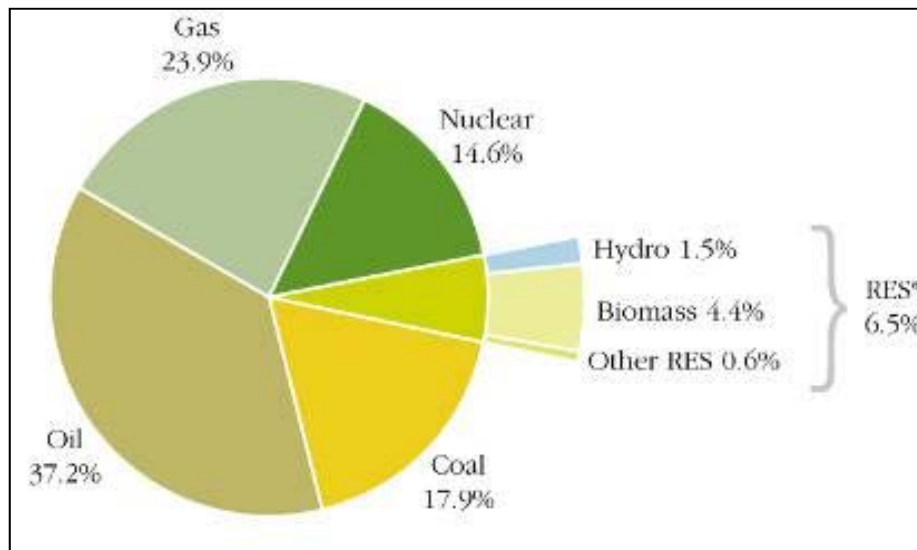
Time scale



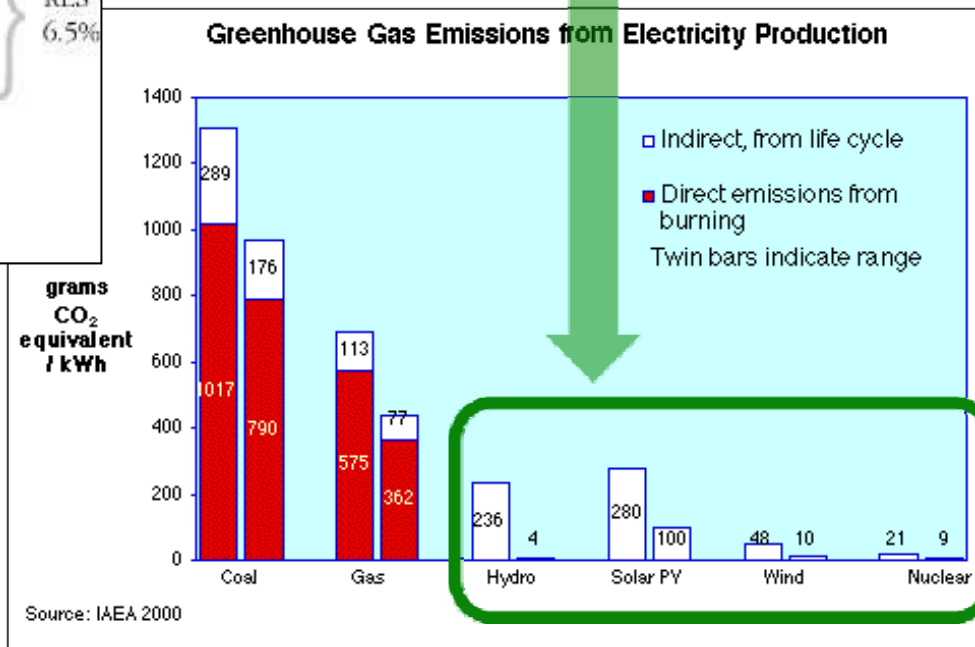
At the crossroads of ESFRI and SET Plan

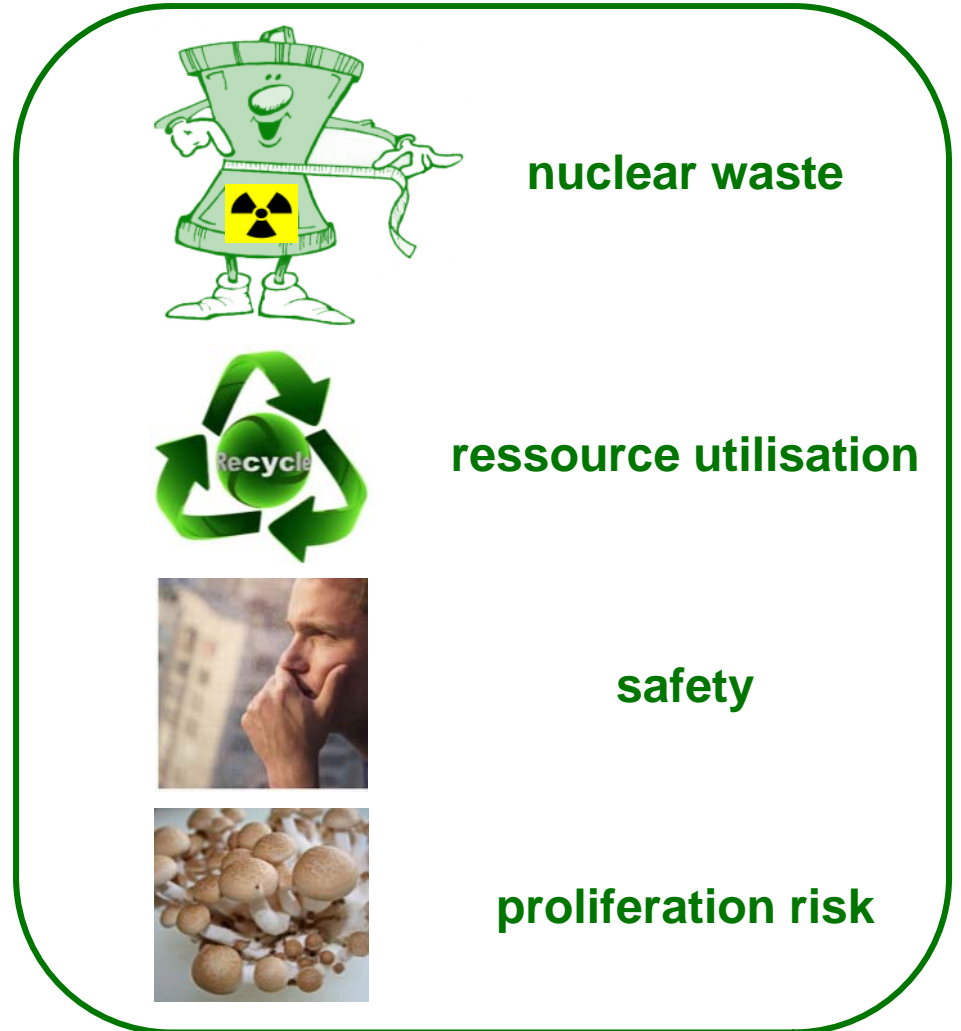
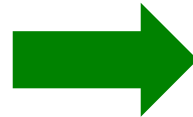


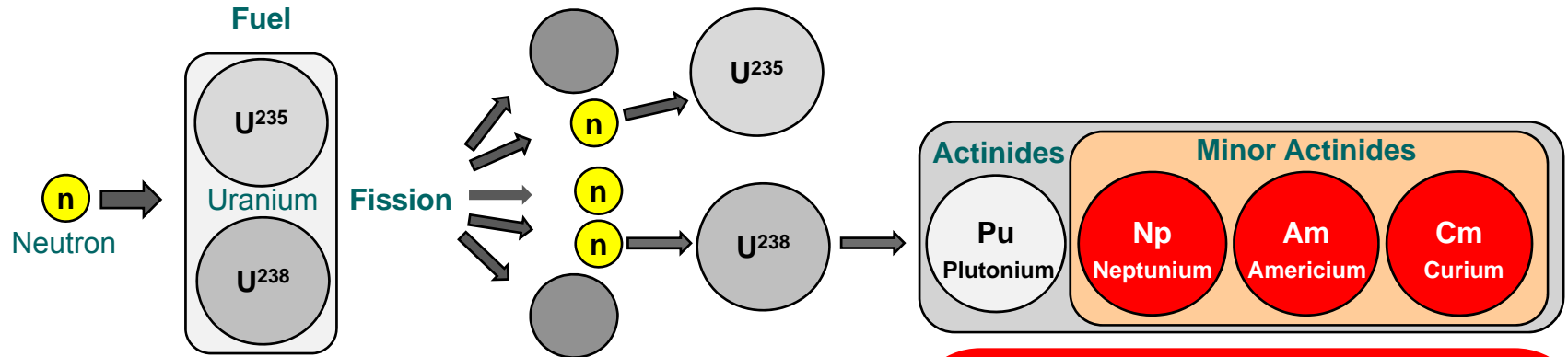
Facing the Energy Challenge



Energy production shares in EU-25 (2005)





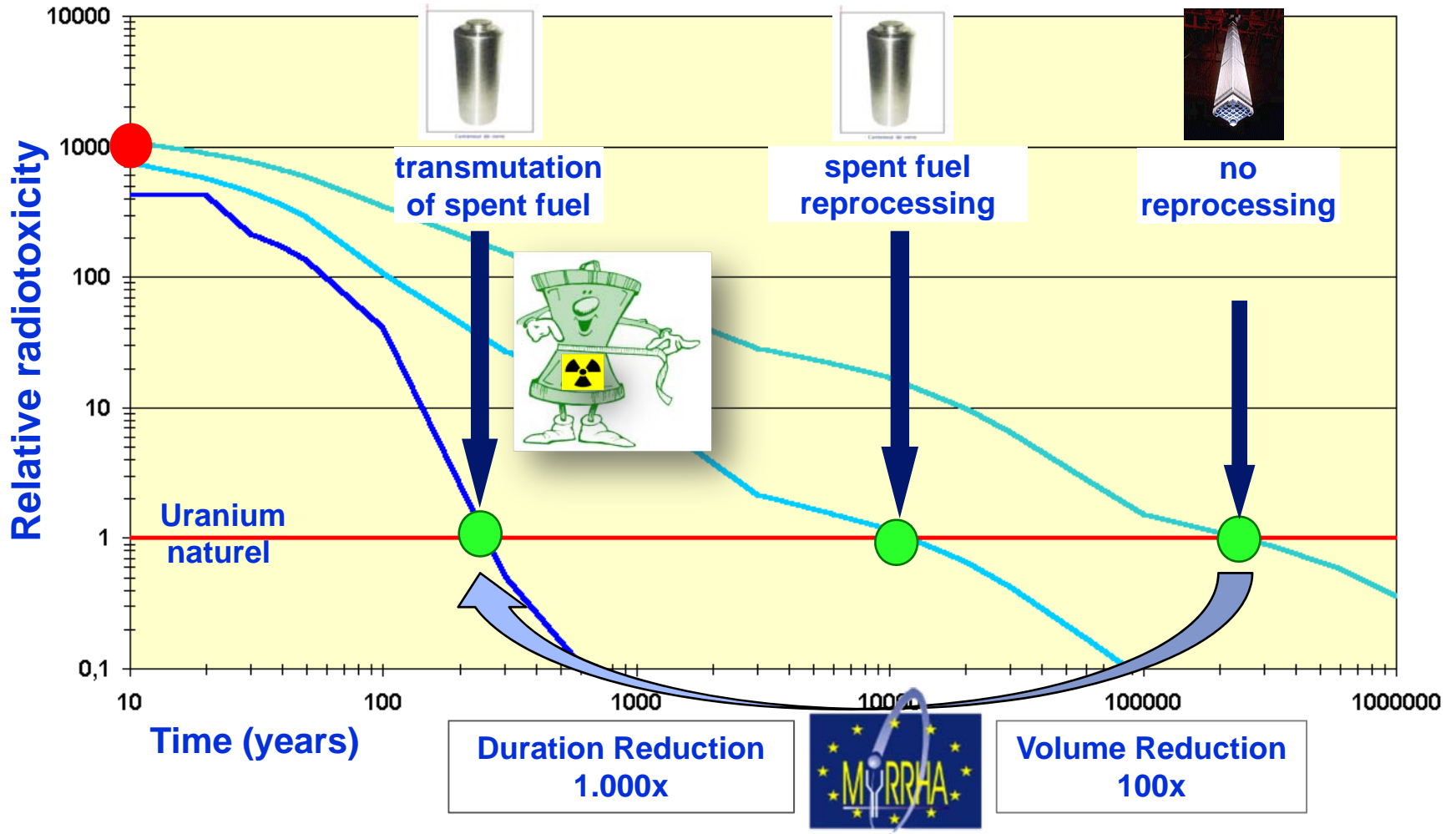


Minor Actinides

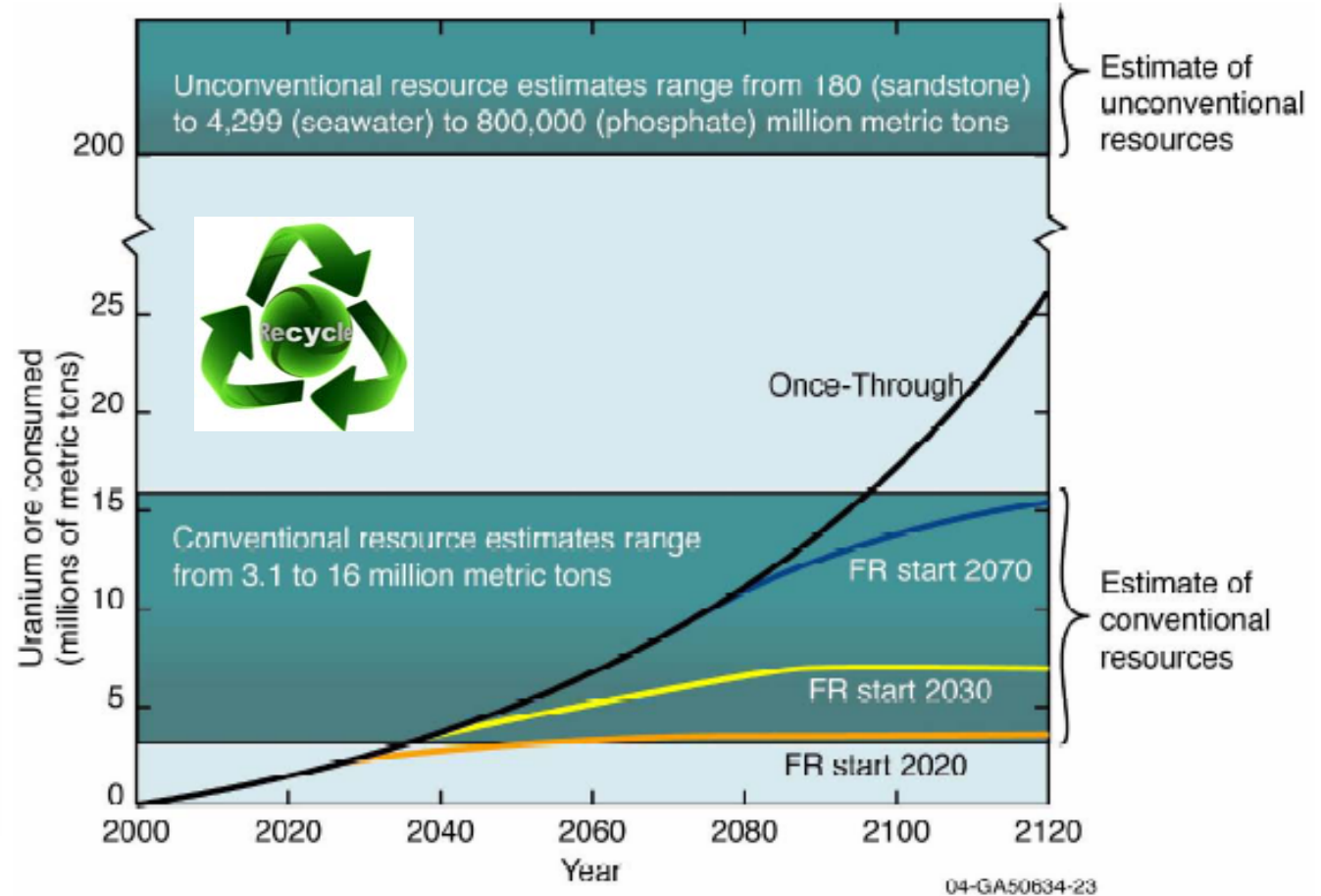
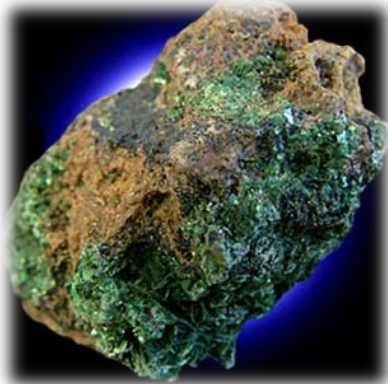
high radiotoxicity long lived waste
that are difficult to store due to:

- Long lived (>1,000 years)
- Highly radiotoxic
- Heat emitting

Motivation for Transmutation

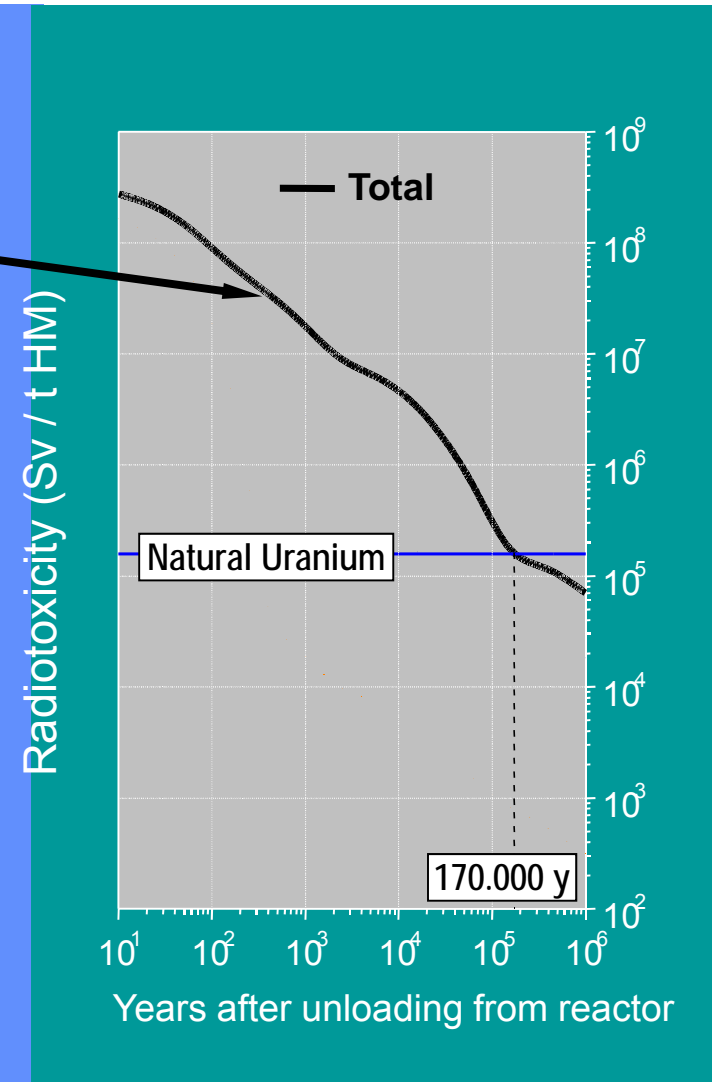


Better resource utilisation

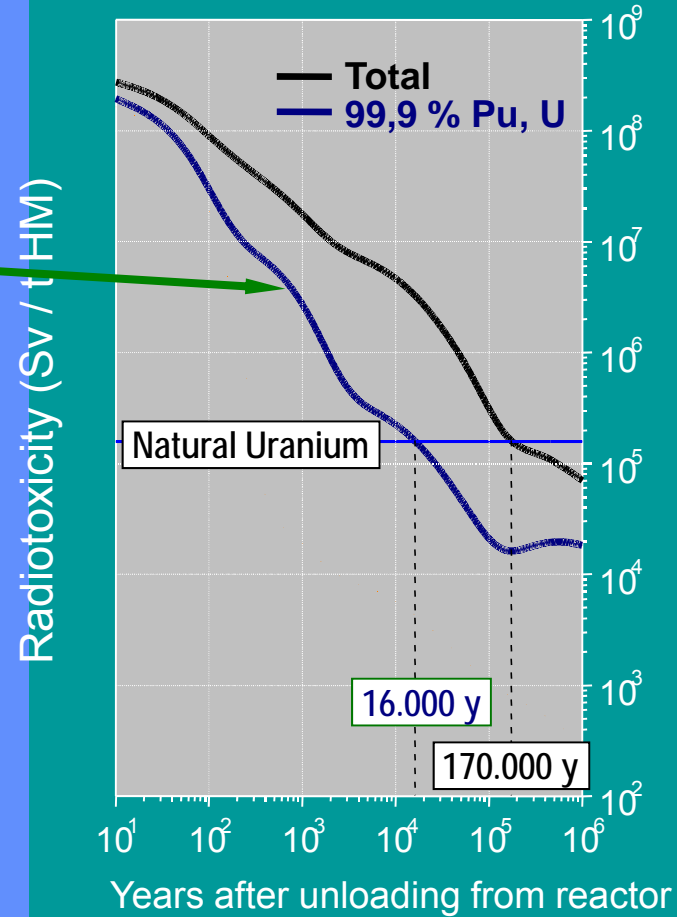


- **Implementation of P&T of a large part of the high level nuclear wastes in Europe needs demonstration of the feasibility of several installations at an “engineering” level leading to arrangement of R&D activities in four “building blocks”, so as:**
 - 1. To process a sizable amount of spent fuel from commercial power plants (i.e. LWR) in order to separate Pu and MA,**
 - 2. To fabricate at semi-industrial level the dedicated fuel needed to load a dedicated transmuter,**
 - 3. To make available one or more dedicated transmuters,**
 - 4. To process the dedicated fuel unloaded from the transmuter and fabrication of new dedicated fuel.**

- **Direct disposal of the overall nuclear wastes**



- **Partitioning and transmutation of 99.9% of Pu and U**

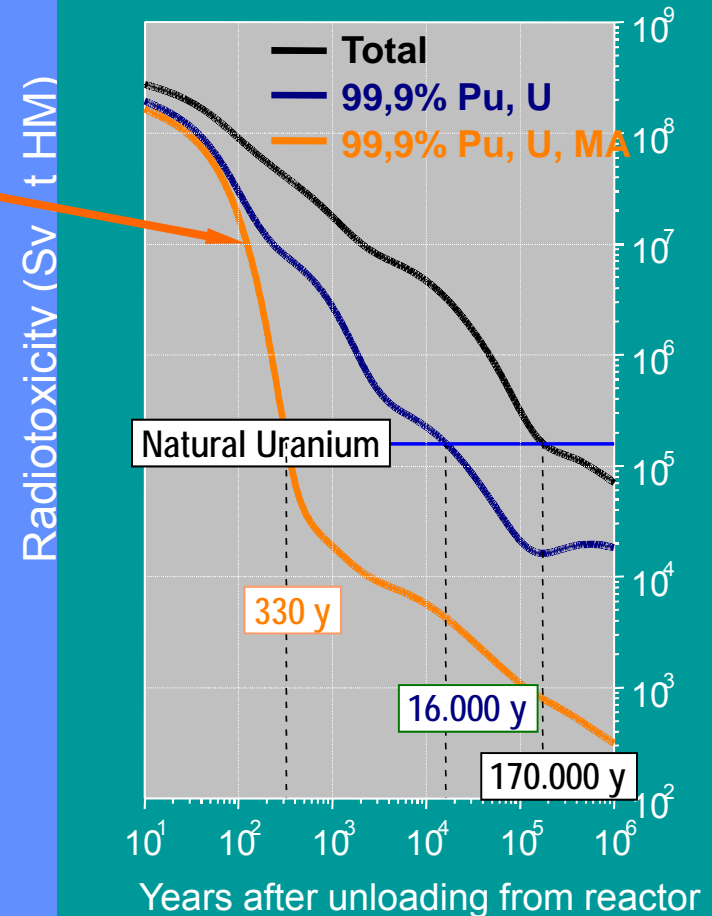


- Partitioning and transmutation of 99.9% of **Pu, U** and **MA**



Achievement

Disposal times are shifted from geological to historical time scales in nuclear waste disposal.

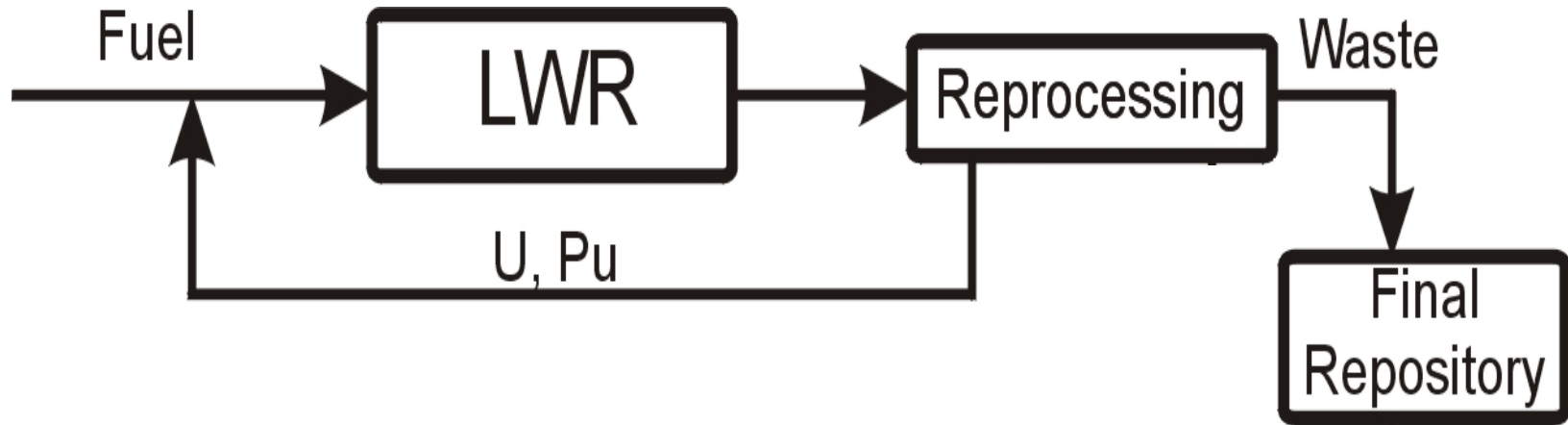


- **Transmutation allows to minimize radiotoxicity, heat load and volume of high level wastes which have to go to a final repository.**
- **Anticipated volume reduction of HLW: factor 100**
- **Anticipated radiotoxicity reduction of HLW: factor 1000**
- **Transmutation does not replace a final repository.**
- **Introduction of transmutation systems closes the nuclear fuel cycle.**

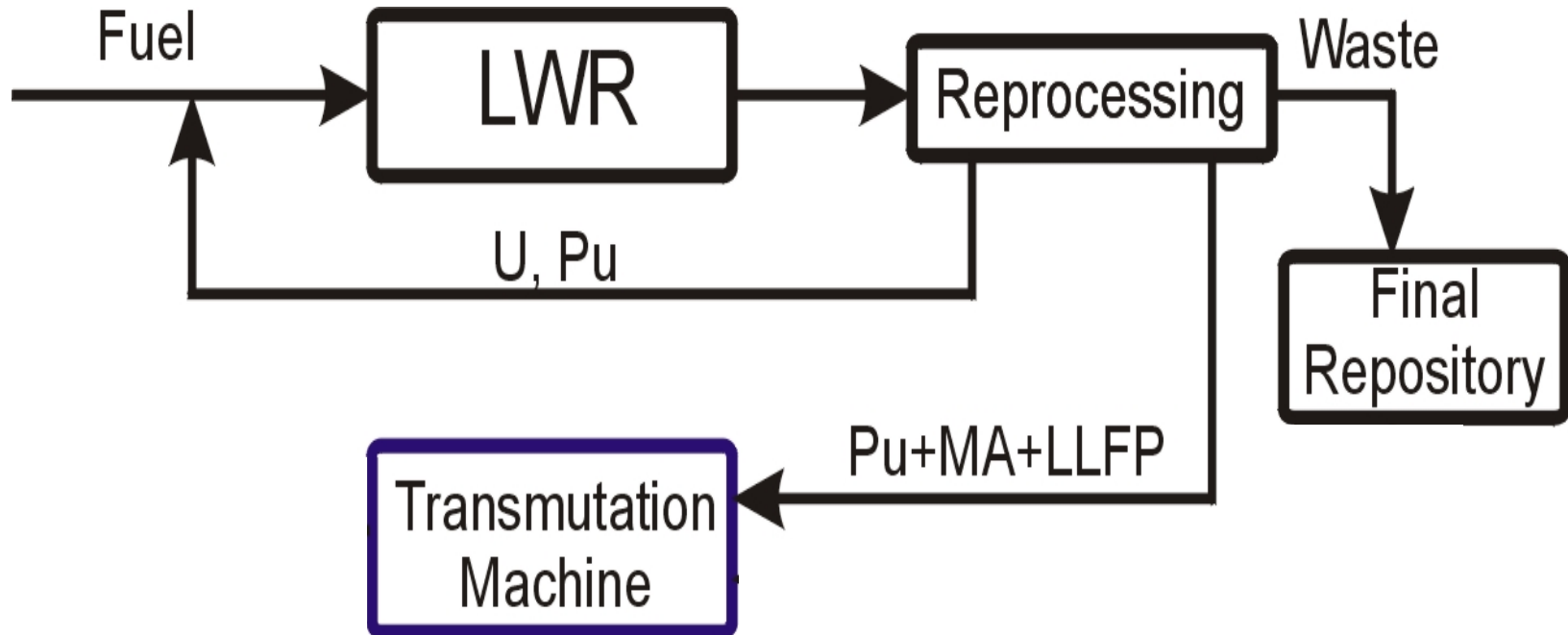


How does P&T work in a Closed Fuel Cycle?

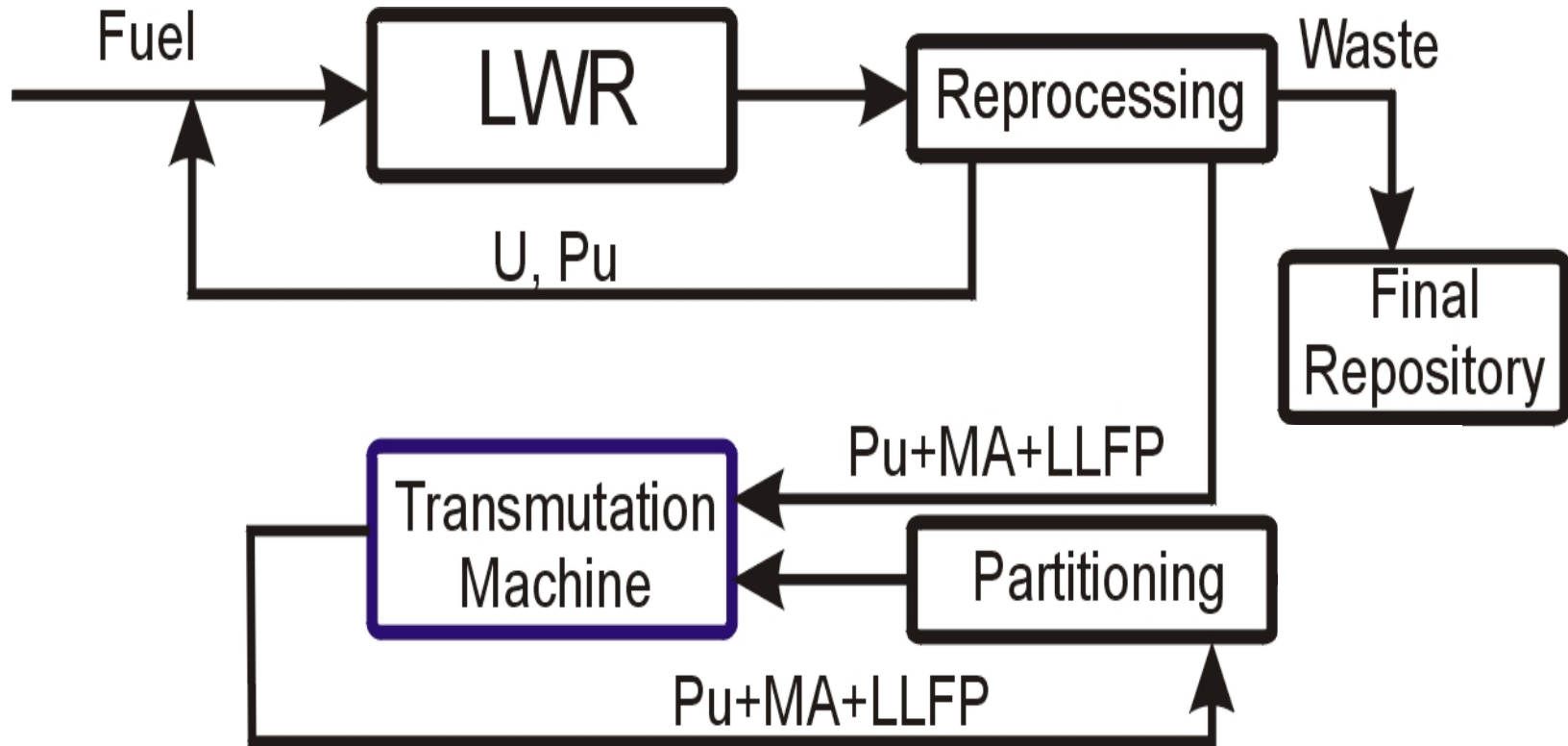
Simple Recycling of Fuel



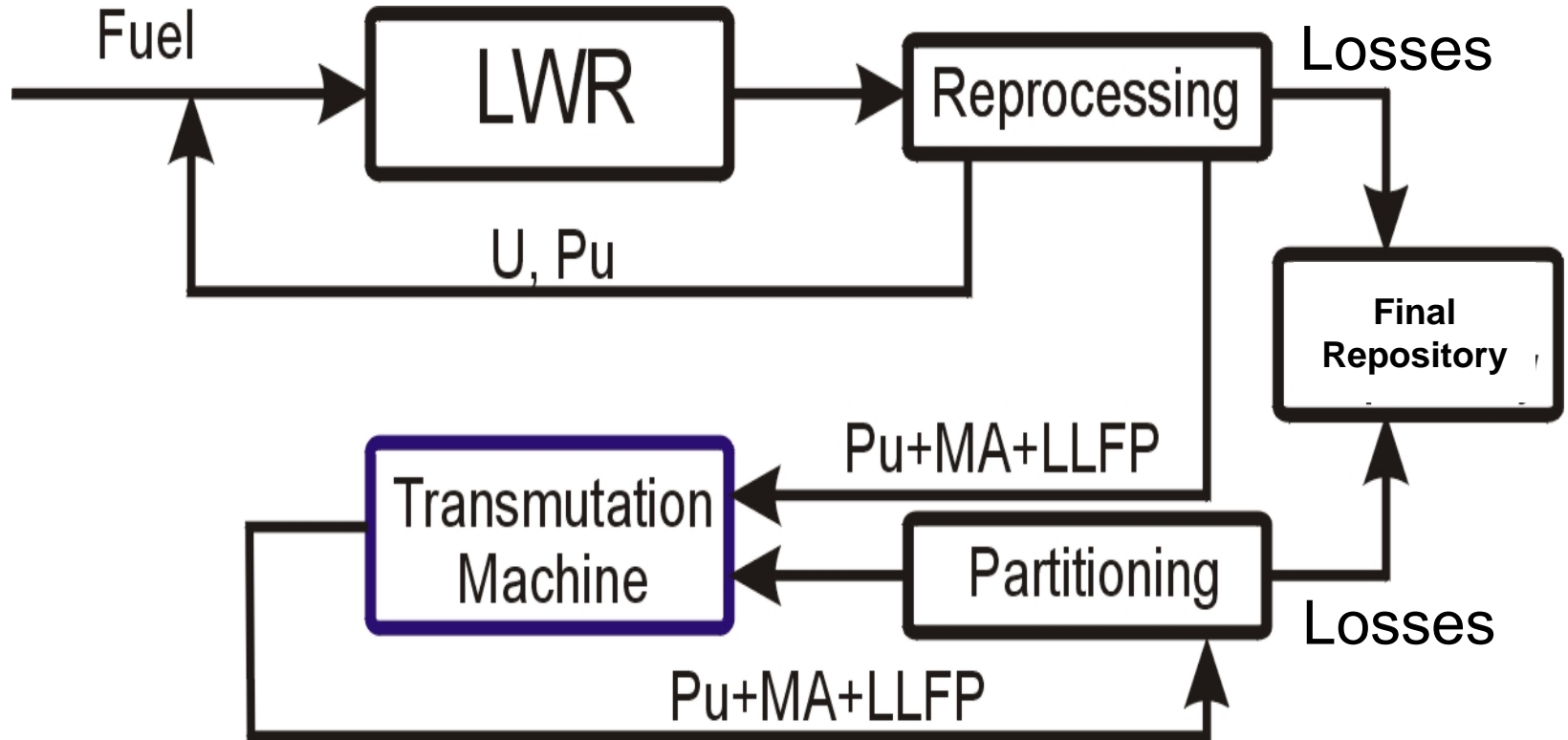
Closed Fuel Cycle with P&T



Closed Fuel Cycle with P&T



Closed Fuel Cycle with P&T



What is a Transmutation Machine?

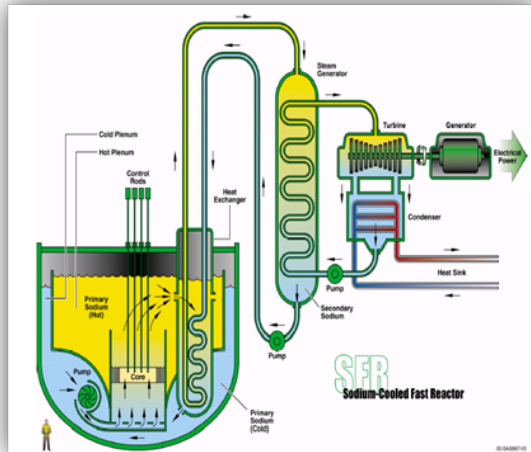
What is a Transmutation Machine? (1/2)

Fast Power Reactors of Generation IV

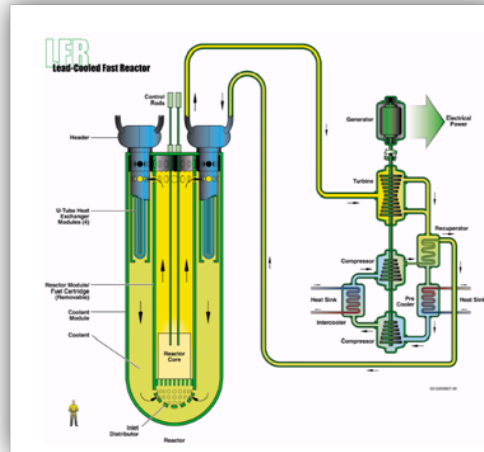
- Sodium Fast Reactor
- Lead Fast Reactor
- Gas Fast Reactor



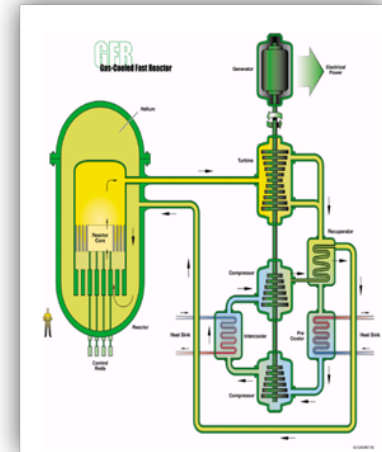
➔ Stabilisation of highly radioactive inventory!



Sodium Fast Reactor



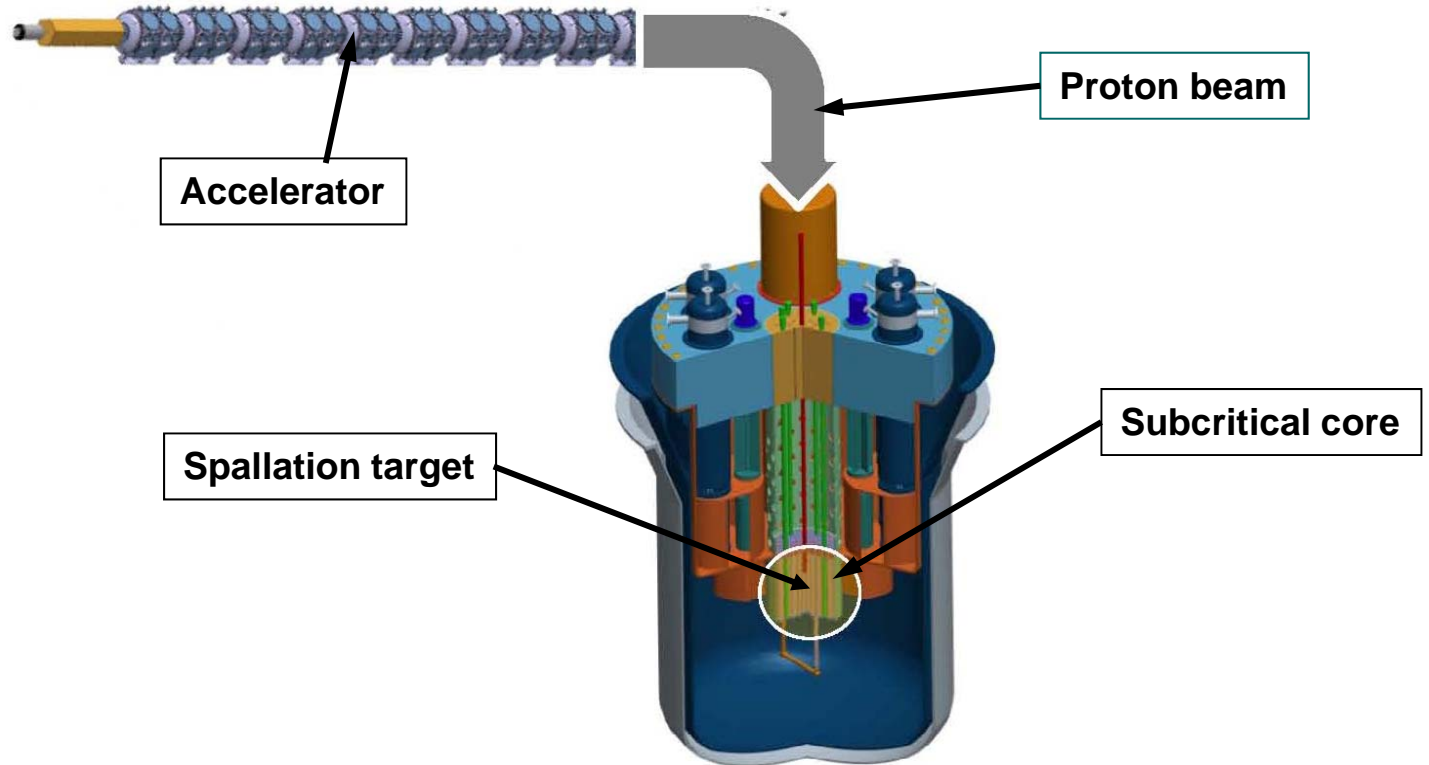
Lead Fast Reactor



Gas Fast Reactor

What is a Transmutation Machine? (2/2)

- **Accelerator Driven subcritical System (ADS)**



- ➔ Improved safety characteristics.
- ➔ Reduction of highly radioactive inventory (radiotoxicity)!

8 Scientific Challenges, being ...

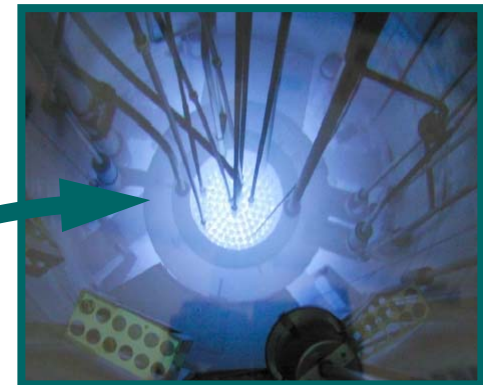
- (1) partitioning
- (2) accelerator components
- (3) fuel development
- (4) structural materials
- (5) thermal-hydraulics
- (6) heavy liquid metal technology
- (7) nuclear data, and ...
- (8) finally the coupling of the major ADS components.



From Fundamental Research



... Prototypic Experiment...



to Demonstrator

- International Collaboration is a must in P&T
- National motivated initiatives are paramount triggers
- Belgium is contributing through MYRRHA to the 3rd Building Block of the European Vision on P&T

Global Dimension for Nuclear Energy

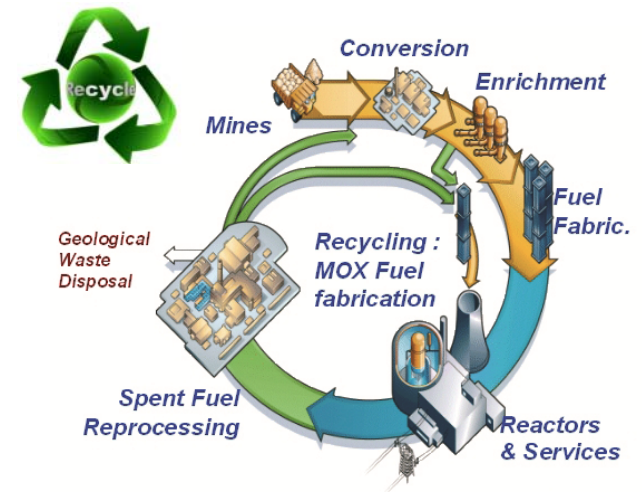


Common needs

**Burning legacy
of the past**

**Reducing cost of
ultimate waste**

**Providing
new resources**



MYRRHA: EXPERIMENTAL ACCELERATOR DRIVEN SYSTEM

A pan-European, innovative and unique facility

- Time horizon: full operation ~ 2023
- Costs: ~ EUR 960 million



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